UNFPA RESPONSE IN PAKISTAN

Country: Pakistan
Crisis: Monsoon Floods
Covering period: August 2022, 23
Crisis Location: Sindh and Balochistan
Date issued: August 2022, 23
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FAST FACTS

Total number of people in need of humanitarian assistance
3.1 M

Pregnant women in need of services
124,000

Women of reproductive age-group affected
775,000

Adolescent girls
139,500

GBV cases
62,000

Livestock losses
504,321

Balochistan: 500,000
GENERAL OVERVIEW

The 2022 unprecedented monsoon has caused widespread damages and losses across Pakistan. Balochistan is the most severely affected province, followed by Sindh. According to reports shared by provincial disaster management authorities, the monsoon rains and related floods have damaged private properties, government infrastructure, and health and education facilities and caused livelihood losses. Both Sindh and Balochistan have been declared disaster-hit provinces.

Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP) has also reported significant losses in 11 districts of the total 31 affected districts by floods. The list of highly affected districts includes Dera Ismail Khan, Tank, Charassada, Swabi, Karak, Lakki Marwat, Chitral (Upper), Kohistan (Upper), and Chitral (Lower). The Provincial Disaster Management Authorities (PDMA) KP is considering making an appeal for humanitarian response. In Punjab, two districts, Dera Ghazi Khan and Rajanpur, are the worst affected districts. However, the Punjab government has not declared Punjab a disaster affected yet.

The PDMA in Balochistan has declared 31 out of 35 districts as disaster affected. The provincial government has prioritized 10 districts as the most affected and needing emergency assistance. These include Lasbela, Jhal Magsi, Qila Saifullah, Pishin, Khuzdar, Noshki, Kachhi, Kalat, Chaman, and Kharan. Out of these ten districts, Lasbela and Jhal Magsi suffered the heaviest damages and losses, as these districts were also affected by the subsequent spells of monsoon as well. As per PDMA Balochistan, the total population of these districts is approximately 3.1 million, out of which 1.5 million are severely affected by the monsoon. More than 26,897 houses are damaged,
out of which 7,267 are completely damaged, whereas 19,630 are partially damaged. Two hundred thirty people (110 males, 55 females, and 65 children) died, and 98 got injured. The Rapid Need Assessment has been completed in 10 prioritized districts.

According to the data provided by PPHI, out of a total number of 14 BHUs in the district Jhal Magsi, five Basic Health Units (BHUs) are partially damaged, and one BHU is completely damaged. On the other hand, Lasbella has 35 Union Councils (UCs) and 45 BHUs. Out of 35 UCs, 12 are severely affected by recent rains and floods. Eight BHUs in six UCs are damaged partially, while 13 are completely damaged. The district headquarters hospitals and rural health centers in Lasbella and Jhal Magsi are also affected by the flood and are currently not in the condition to provide services.

PDMA Sindh has reported that 2.2 million people have been affected by the floods, with 1,000,278 people displaced. Monsoon rain-related losses are reported from 23 districts with 12 districts, namely Mirpurkhas, Shaheed Benazir Abad, Nawsheroferoz, Sanghar, Thatta, Sujawal, Tando Allahyar, Daddu, Jamshoro, Khairpur are the worst affected districts in Sindh.

In all the affected areas, the earlier monsoon spells caused significant damage to infrastructure, households, road networks, livestock, and houses with subsequent monsoon spells, causing the breakdown of communication networks such as mobile connectivity and internet access, and remaining road structure.
HUMANITARIAN NEEDS
(Population/ Vulnerable Population/ Displaced Population)

• Separate tents for pregnant and lactating women. Mosquito bed nets along with separate tents for women to protect them from malaria and dengue. Separate washroom services for women IDPs.

• Sexual and reproductive health services, including prevention and management of cases of GBV at health facilities or mobile health units (MHUs), syndromic case management for sexually transmitted infections, obstetric and newborn care, and availability of contraceptive commodities to prevent unintended pregnancies.

• Essential SRH medicines, contraceptives, commodities, and medical supplies for static health facilities/MHUs to provide SRH and GBV Services.

• Providing sexual and reproductive health services to adolescents and youth.
• Mobile reproductive health services and outreach
• GBV prevention and response
• Telehealth and SRH referral services including emergency obstetric antenatal care
• Clean delivery kits, dignity kits and newborn baby kits for visibly pregnant women preferring home deliveries.
• Women Friendly Health Spaces including women and girls’ safe spaces as an entry point for access to specialized health and psychosocial services for SGBV/IPV
GOVERNMENT, UN AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS’ RESPONSE

PDMA Balochistan has provided 27,827 tents, 37,142 food packages, provided different NFIs to 20,516 families, including quilts and mosquito nets, jerry cans, kitchen sets, and plastic mats. WFP distributed food in Labella to 8,800 families, and a total of 22,100 households will be supported. UNICEF initiated WASH, nutrition, and child protection activities.

Response by the Federal Government

- Committee comprising national and provincial assembly members visited flood affected areas and shared feedback.
- The Prime Minister visited Balochistan, KP and Punjab to assess the situation and meet the affected communities.
- A Relief Coordination Committee is established and chaired by the Minister for Planning, Development and Special Initiatives is coordinating relief effort.
• The Government of Pakistan has established a flood relief fund, namely “Prime Minister’s Flood Relief Fund 2022”, for providing relief and rehabilitation for the flood affected population.

• USD 4,608,295 had been released to National Disaster Management Authority for relief to people affected by the floods.

• Immediate cash relief of USD 115 to the people affected by the floods through Benazir Income Support Programme.

• Ex-Gratia assistance on death cases increased from USD 2,305 to USD 4,608.

• Compensation for injuries increased from USD 115 to USD 1,152.

• Compensation for partially damaged houses increased from USD 230 to USD 1,152.

• Compensation for completely damaged houses increased from USD 460 to USD 2,305.

UNFPA Country Office Role

• Reproductive Health

• Gender-based Violence

• Staffing

• Communication/Advocacy
UNFPA INTERVENTIONS:

In July 2022, UNFPA submitted a contingency plan for potential monsoon floods for 1.5 million people in need of SRH services and targeting around 953,209. The total projected cost of the UNFPA contingency plan was USD 46,870,450. Whereas, for GBV information and services, USD 7.4 million were projections for 1.37 million people in need. The plans were submitted to UN-OCHA through respective sectoral working group leads.

UNFPA secured USD 450,000 from the CERF to deliver integrated SRH and GBV services in the two highly affected districts in Balochistan.

Emergency Funds (EF) for additional funds: UNFPA Pakistan plans to submit a proposal for EF for an additional USD 500,000.

Furthermore, UNFPA Pakistan is exploring more funding opportunities with the governments of Canada, South Korea and Denmark.

UNFPA Pakistan has prepositioned and distributed dignity kits, newborn baby kits and clean delivery kits as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>Total Number</th>
<th>DOH-KP</th>
<th>PPHE-Balochistan</th>
<th>MNCH-Balochistan</th>
<th>BRSP-Balochistan</th>
<th>SRSP-KP</th>
<th>Prime Foundation-KP</th>
<th>IRMNCH Punjab</th>
<th>HANDS Sindh</th>
<th>Status</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dignity Kits</td>
<td>6700</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>1550</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>1950</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Distributed</td>
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<tr>
<td>New Born Baby Kits</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>460</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Planned for distribution in a week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean Delivery Kits</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female Dignity Kits</td>
<td>8311</td>
<td>4156</td>
<td>831</td>
<td>831</td>
<td>2493</td>
<td>2493</td>
<td>2493</td>
<td>2493</td>
<td>2493</td>
<td>Planned for distribution in a week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Born Baby Kits</td>
<td>7681</td>
<td>3706</td>
<td>741</td>
<td>741</td>
<td>2493</td>
<td>2493</td>
<td>2493</td>
<td>2493</td>
<td>2493</td>
<td>Planning for distribution in a week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean Delivery Kits</td>
<td>6412</td>
<td>3206</td>
<td>641</td>
<td>641</td>
<td>1924</td>
<td>1924</td>
<td>1924</td>
<td>1924</td>
<td>1924</td>
<td>Planned for distribution in a week</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECURITY:

Baluchistan - The security situation in Baluchistan is relatively stable, however, one militant of Islamic State Pakistan Province (ISPP) was killed during exchange of firing in an intelligence-based operation conducted by Counter Terrorism Department (CTD) in Darveshbad area of Quetta. The families of Baloch missing persons continued the protest sit-in at GPO chowk Quetta on 24 August 2022.

Sindh- The Security situation of Sindh is relatively calm, few incidents of crimes including robbery and snatching were reported in Karachi. No major security incident reported in Karachi/Sindh.

Punjab - The Security situation of Punjab is relatively stable with no major security incident reported. Reportedly, the civil defense bomb disposal squad and Pakistan Army teams started an anti-tank mine search operation in and around rainwater drain Dek. Reportedly, teams found and defused five Indian-made anti-tank mines during the search operation. Search operation is continued in the drain and its surrounding residential areas.
UNFPA Country Office Role

- UNFPA Pakistan has activated Crisis Response Team (CRT) at CO as well as in the Sub-offices.
- The CO has contributed to the Health Sector, Pakistan 2022 Flood Response Plan and has prioritized integrated SRH and GBV interventions in the plan.
- The CO has started conducting bilateral meeting with donors in the country for mobilizing resources for floods response.
- In the donor’s conference, UNFPA Representative (a.i.) reiterated on the need to prioritize sexual and reproductive health and protection support services focusing at women, adolescent and young girls.
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